



**MAPLE LEAF FOODS INC.**

**Financial Statements**

For the First Quarter Ended  
March 31, 2015

# Consolidated Balance Sheets

<i>(In thousands of Canadian dollars)</i>	<i>Notes</i>	<b>As at March 31, 2015</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2014</b>	<b>As at December 31, 2014</b>
		<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>Current assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	4	\$ 427,100	\$ 470,783	\$ 496,328
Accounts receivable	5	65,953	69,594	60,396
Notes receivable	5	108,833	109,154	110,209
Inventories	6	293,868	283,273	270,401
Biological assets	7	101,894	140,428	105,743
Income and other taxes recoverable		—	36,376	—
Prepaid expenses and other assets		32,368	41,818	20,157
Assets held for sale	8	1,107	1,000,946	1,107
		<b>\$ 1,031,123</b>	<b>\$ 2,152,372</b>	<b>\$ 1,064,341</b>
Property and equipment		1,039,147	994,268	1,042,506
Investment property		7,388	3,221	3,312
Employee benefits	9	81,243	114,793	88,162
Other long-term assets		13,567	8,273	9,881
Deferred tax asset		72,531	66,399	74,986
Goodwill	10	428,236	428,236	428,236
Intangible assets	11	155,613	185,263	165,066
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>\$ 2,828,848</b>	<b>\$ 3,952,825</b>	<b>\$ 2,876,490</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>				
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
Accounts payable and accruals		\$ 261,298	\$ 435,628	\$ 275,249
Provisions	12	46,010	40,100	60,443
Current portion of long-term debt	13	592	1,334,965	472
Income taxes payable		16,986	—	26,614
Other current liabilities	14	28,949	128,399	24,383
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	8	—	311,400	—
		<b>\$ 353,835</b>	<b>\$ 2,250,492</b>	<b>\$ 387,161</b>
Long-term debt	13	10,012	6,232	10,017
Employee benefits	9	177,184	140,051	196,482
Provisions	12	19,596	30,994	17,435
Other long-term liabilities	15	24,054	26,753	20,899
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>\$ 584,681</b>	<b>\$ 2,454,522</b>	<b>\$ 631,994</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>				
Share capital	17	\$ 937,883	\$ 906,166	\$ 936,479
Retained earnings		1,229,222	458,202	1,228,815
Contributed surplus		81,332	71,819	79,652
Accumulated other comprehensive loss associated with continuing operations	16	(4,046)	(1,230)	(226)
Accumulated other comprehensive income associated with discontinued operations	8	—	4,159	—
Treasury stock		(224)	(1,350)	(224)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>\$ 2,244,167</b>	<b>\$ 1,437,766</b>	<b>\$ 2,244,496</b>
Non-controlling interest		—	60,537	—
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>\$ 2,244,167</b>	<b>\$ 1,498,303</b>	<b>\$ 2,244,496</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<b>\$ 2,828,848</b>	<b>\$ 3,952,825</b>	<b>\$ 2,876,490</b>

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

# Consolidated Statements of Net Earnings (Loss)

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except share amounts) (Unaudited)	Notes	Three months ended March 31,	
		2015	2014
Sales		\$ 780,248	\$ 711,347
Cost of goods sold		691,026	663,412
Gross margin		\$ 89,222	\$ 47,935
Selling, general and administrative expenses		75,049	82,660
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before the following:		\$ 14,173	\$ (34,725)
Restructuring and other related costs	18	(10,845)	(21,766)
Change in fair value of non-designated interest rate swaps	19	—	1,110
Other income (expense)	20	(5,837)	1,293
Earnings (loss) before interest and income taxes from continuing operations		\$ (2,509)	\$ (54,088)
Interest expense and other financing costs	21	1,224	114,711
Earnings (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations		\$ (3,733)	\$ (168,799)
Income taxes		(931)	(44,193)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations		\$ (2,802)	\$ (124,606)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	22	(59)	(7,388)
Net earnings (loss)		\$ (2,861)	\$ (131,994)
Attributed to:			
Common shareholders		\$ (2,861)	\$ (132,911)
Non-controlling interest		—	917
		\$ (2,861)	\$ (131,994)
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders:	23		
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share		\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.95)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations		\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.89)
Weighted average number of shares (millions)		143.0	140.2

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

# Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(In thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (2,861)	\$ (131,994)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Actuarial gains and losses (Net of tax of \$5.1 million; 2014: \$0.2 million)	\$ 14,707	\$ 714
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	\$ 14,707	\$ 714
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Change in accumulated foreign currency translation adjustment (Net of tax of \$0.0 million; 2014:\$0.0 million)	\$ 1,082	\$ 345
Change in unrealized gains and losses on cash flow hedges (Net of tax of \$1.7 million; 2014: \$0.8 million)	(4,902)	2,219
Total items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	\$ (3,820)	\$ 2,564
Other comprehensive income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 10,887	\$ 3,278
Other comprehensive income (loss) from discontinued operations <sup>(i)</sup> (2014: Net of tax of \$0.1 million)	—	4,860
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 10,887	\$ 8,138
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 8,026	\$ (123,856)
Attributed to:		
Common shareholders	\$ 8,026	\$ (125,436)
Non-controlling interest	\$ —	\$ 1,580

<sup>(i)</sup> The above amount includes \$0.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (2014: \$0.8 million) relating to actuarial gains and losses that will not subsequently be re-classified to profit or loss.

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

# Consolidated Statements of Changes in Total Equity

		Attributable to Common Shareholders								
		Share capital	Retained earnings	Contributed surplus	Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with continuing operations	Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with assets held for sale	Treasury stock	Non-controlling interest	Total equity	
<i>(In thousands of Canadian dollars)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>									
<b>Balance at December 31, 2014</b>		<b>\$ 936,479</b>	<b>\$ 1,228,815</b>	<b>\$ 79,652</b>	<b>\$ (226)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (224)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 2,244,496</b>	
Net earnings (loss)		—	(2,861)	—	—	—	—	—	(2,861)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	16	—	14,707	—	(3,820)	—	—	—	10,887	
Dividends declared (\$0.08 per share)		—	(11,439)	—	—	—	—	—	(11,439)	
Stock-based compensation expense		—	—	1,680	—	—	—	—	1,680	
Exercise of stock options		1,404	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,404	
<b>Balance at March 31, 2015</b>		<b>\$ 937,883</b>	<b>\$ 1,229,222</b>	<b>\$ 81,332</b>	<b>\$ (4,046)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (224)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 2,244,167</b>	

		Attributable to Common Shareholders								
		Share capital	Retained earnings	Contributed surplus	Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with continuing operations	Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with assets held for sale	Treasury stock	Non-controlling interest	Total equity	
<i>(In thousands of Canadian dollars)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>									
<b>Balance at December 31, 2013</b>		<b>\$ 905,216</b>	<b>\$ 602,717</b>	<b>\$ 79,139</b>	<b>\$ (4,593)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (1,350)</b>	<b>\$ 60,863</b>	<b>\$ 1,641,992</b>	
Net earnings (loss)		—	(132,911)	—	—	—	—	917	(131,994)	
Transfer to held for sale	8	—	—	—	799	(799)	—	—	—	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	16	—	(47)	—	2,564	4,958	—	663	8,138	
Dividends declared (\$0.04 per share)		—	(5,613)	—	—	—	—	(1,906)	(7,519)	
Stock-based compensation expense		—	—	8,692	—	—	—	—	8,692	
Exercise of stock options		950	—	—	—	—	—	—	950	
Modification of stock compensation plan	24	—	(5,944)	(16,012)	—	—	—	—	(21,956)	
<b>Balance at March 31, 2014</b>		<b>\$ 906,166</b>	<b>\$ 458,202</b>	<b>\$ 71,819</b>	<b>\$ (1,230)</b>	<b>\$ 4,159</b>	<b>\$ (1,350)</b>	<b>\$ 60,537</b>	<b>\$ 1,498,303</b>	

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

# Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow

<i>(In thousands of Canadian dollars)</i> <i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>Notes</i>	Three months ended March 31,	
		2015	2014
<b>CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:</b>			
<b>Operating activities</b>			
Net earnings (loss)		\$ (2,861)	\$ (131,994)
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash:			
Change in fair value of biological assets		7,283	(40,306)
Depreciation and amortization		31,766	26,643
Stock-based compensation		1,680	8,692
Deferred income taxes		(979)	(44,014)
Income tax current		48	2,431
Interest expense and other financing costs		1,224	114,885
Loss (gain) on sale of long-term assets		(593)	(236)
Loss (gain) on sale of business	22	—	468
Loss (gain) on sale of assets held for sale		—	(1,736)
Change in fair value of non-designated interest rate swaps		(1,569)	(1,110)
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments		(11,371)	36,634
Impairment of assets (net of reversals)		979	—
Increase in pension liability		6,640	3,393
Net income taxes paid		(10,841)	(6,853)
Interest paid		(855)	(18,325)
Change in provision for restructuring and other related costs		(5,303)	13,660
Other		187	5,550
Change in non-cash operating working capital		(49,991)	(36,083)
Cash (used in) provided by operating activities		\$ (34,556)	\$ (68,301)
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Dividends paid		\$ (11,439)	\$ (5,613)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest		—	(21,604)
Net increase (decrease) in long-term debt		—	299,650
Exercise of stock options		1,404	950
Payment of financing fees		(227)	—
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities		\$ (10,262)	\$ 273,383
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Additions to long-term assets		\$ (26,433)	\$ (97,672)
Capitalization of interest expense		—	(2,783)
Adjustment to sale of business	22	—	(468)
Proceeds from sale of long-term assets		2,023	2,350
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale		—	6,108
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities		\$ (24,410)	\$ (92,465)
<b>(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>\$ (69,228)</b>	<b>\$ 112,617</b>
Net cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		496,328	502,262
Net cash and cash equivalents, end of period	4	\$ 427,100	\$ 614,879
Net cash and cash equivalents is comprised of:			
Cash and cash equivalents attributed to continuing operations		\$ 427,100	\$ 470,783
Cash and cash equivalents attributed to held for sale	8	—	144,096
Net cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 427,100	\$ 614,879

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

# Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

## 1. THE COMPANY

Maple Leaf Foods Inc. ("Maple Leaf Foods" or the "Company") is a producer of food products under leading brands including Maple Leaf®, Maple Leaf Prime®, Maple Leaf Natural Selections®, Schneiders®, Schneiders Country Naturals® and Mina™. The Company's portfolio includes prepared meats, ready-to-cook and ready-to-serve meals and valued-added fresh pork and poultry. The address of the Company's registered office is 6985 Financial Dr. Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 0A1, Canada. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2015, include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company's results are organized into three segments: Meat Products Group, Agribusiness Group, and Bakery Products Group. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the operations of the Bakery Products Group were sold (Note 22).

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### (a) Statement of Compliance

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (or "consolidated financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and using the accounting policies described herein, consistent with the Company's 2014 annual audited consolidated financial statements, except for new standards adopted during the period as described in Note 3(a).

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 29, 2015.

### (b) Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, biological assets, defined benefit plan assets, and liabilities associated with certain stock-based compensation, which are stated at fair value. Liabilities associated with employee benefits are stated at actuarially determined present values.

### (c) Functional and Presentation Currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

### (d) Disposal of business

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared including the results of businesses that were disposed of during the prior years up to the date of disposal.

The results of businesses sold or held for sale have been presented in the Consolidated Statements of Net Earnings (Loss) and Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) separately, net of tax. A full statement of earnings for each divested business is included in Note 22.

The Consolidated Balance Sheets include the assets of divested businesses up until the date of sale. From the point of time when Management determines that the carrying amount of a business will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than continuing use, the assets and liabilities of that business are presented as assets held for sale, and liabilities associated with assets held for sale. The Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow include the cash flows of divested business up to the date of sale.

### (e) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") requires Management to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual amounts may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Judgements included in the financial statements are decisions made by Management, based on analysis of relevant information available at the time the decision is made. Judgements relate to the application of accounting policies and decisions related to the measurement, recognition, and disclosure of financial amounts.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies, that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements, are included both below and in the statement notes relating to items subject to significant estimate uncertainty and critical judgements.

#### *Long-lived Assets Valuation*

The Company performs impairment testing annually for goodwill and intangible assets and, when circumstances indicate that there may be impairment, for other long-lived assets. Management judgement is involved in determining if there are circumstances indicating that testing for impairment is required, and in identifying their Cash Generating Units ("CGUs") for the purpose of impairment testing.

The Company assesses impairment by comparing the recoverable amount of a long-lived asset, CGU, or CGU group to its carrying value. The recoverable amount is defined as the higher of: (i) value in use; or (ii) fair value less cost to sell. The determination of the recoverable amount involves Management judgement and estimation.

The values associated with intangible assets and goodwill involve significant estimates and assumptions, including those with respect to future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates, and asset lives. These estimates and assumptions could affect the Company's future results if the current estimates of future performance and fair values change. These determinations will affect the amount of amortization expense and impairments on definite life intangible assets recognized in future periods.

*Measurement of Fair Values*

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. When the measurement of fair values cannot be determined, based on quoted prices in active markets, fair value is measured using valuation techniques and models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Changes in assumptions about these inputs to these models could affect the reported fair value of the Company's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

When measuring fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses market observable data to the extent that it is possible. To the extent that these estimates differ from those realized, the measured asset or liability, net earnings (loss), and/or comprehensive income (loss) will be affected in future periods.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities are disclosed in the Company's 2014 annual audited consolidated financial statements.

*Nature of Interests in Other Entities*

Management applies significant judgement in assessing the nature of its interest in an unconsolidated structured entity. The Company does not hold any equity interest in the structured entity and based on the terms of the agreements under which the entity is established, the Company does not receive the returns related to their operations and is exposed to limited recourse with respect to losses.

*Valuation of Inventory*

Management makes estimates of the future customer demand for products when establishing appropriate provisions for inventory. In making these estimates, Management considers product life of inventory and the profitability of recent sales of inventory. In many cases, product sold by the Company turns quickly and inventory on-hand values are lower, thus reducing the risk of inventory obsolescence. However, code or "best before" dates are very important in the determination of realizable value of inventory. Management ensures that systems are in place to highlight and properly value inventory that may be approaching code dates. To the extent that actual losses on inventory differ from those estimated, inventory, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) will be affected in future periods.

*Biological Assets*

Biological assets are measured at each reporting date, at fair value less costs to sell, except when fair value cannot be reliably measured. If fair value cannot be reliably measured, biological assets are measured at cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Although a reliable measure of fair value may not be available at the point of initial recognition, it may subsequently become available. In such circumstances, biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell from the point at which the reliable measure of fair value becomes available. Gains and losses that arise on measuring biological assets at fair value less costs to sell are recognized in the statement of net earnings (loss) in the period in which they arise. Costs to sell include all costs that would be necessary to sell the biological assets, including costs necessary to get the biological assets to market.

*Trade Merchandise Allowances and Other Trade Discounts*

The Company provides for estimated payments to customers based on various trade programs and contracts that often include payments that are contingent upon attainment of specified sales volumes. Significant estimates used to determine these liabilities include: (i) the projected level of sales volume for the relevant period and (ii) customer contracted rates for allowances, discounts, and rebates. These arrangements are complex and there are a significant number of customers and products affected. Management has systems and processes in place to estimate and value these obligations. To the extent that payments on trade discounts differ from estimates of the related liability, accrued liabilities, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) will be affected in future periods.

*Employee Benefit Plans*

The cost of pensions and other retirement benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method prorated on service, and Management's best estimate of salary escalation and mortality rates. Discount rates used in actuarial calculations are based on long-term interest rates and can have a material effect on the amount of plan liabilities and expenses. Management employs external experts to advise the Company when deciding upon the appropriate estimates to use to value employee benefit plan obligations and expenses. To the extent that these estimates differ from those realized, employee benefit plan liabilities and comprehensive income (loss) will be affected in future periods.

*Income Taxes*

Provisions for income taxes are based on domestic and international statutory income tax rates and the amount of income earned in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates. Significant judgement is required in determining income tax provisions and the recoverability of deferred tax assets. The calculation of current and deferred income tax balances requires Management to make estimates regarding the carrying values of assets and liabilities that include estimates of future cash flows and earnings related to such assets and liabilities, the interpretation of income tax legislation in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates, and the timing of reversal of temporary differences. The Company establishes additional provisions for income taxes when, despite Management's opinion that the Company's tax positions are fully supportable, there is sufficient complexity or uncertainty in the application of legislation that certain tax positions may be reassessed by tax authorities. The Company adjusts these additional accruals in light of changing facts and circumstances. To the extent that these adjustments differ from original estimates, future deferred tax assets and liabilities, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) will be affected in future periods.

*Provisions*

The Company evaluates all provisions at each reporting date. These provisions can be significant and are prepared using estimates of the costs of future activities. In certain instances, Management may determine that these provisions are no longer required or that certain provisions are insufficient as new events occur or as additional information is obtained. Provisions are separately identified and disclosed in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Changes to these estimates may affect the value of provisions, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) in future periods.

*Stock-based Compensation*

The Company uses estimates including, but not limited to, estimates of forfeitures, share price volatility, dividends, expected life of the award, risk-free interest rates, and Company performance in the calculation of the liability and expenses for certain stock-based incentive plans. These estimates are based on previous experience and may change throughout the life of an incentive plan. Such changes could impact the carrying value of contributed surplus, liabilities, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) in future periods.



Some of the Company's stock-based payment plans are settable in either cash or equity instruments at the option of the Company. Management uses judgement in determining the appropriate accounting treatment for these plans, based on expectations and historical settlement decisions. Changes to accounting treatment based on Management's judgement may impact contributed surplus, liabilities, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) in future periods.

#### *Depreciation and Amortization*

The Company's property and equipment and definite life intangible assets are depreciated and amortized on a straight-line basis, taking into account the estimated useful lives of the assets and residual values. Changes to these estimates may affect the carrying value of these assets, inventories, net earnings (loss), and comprehensive income (loss) in future periods.

### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2014 annual audited consolidated financial statements. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS using the same accounting policies as were applied in the 2014 annual consolidated financial statements, except for new accounting standards adopted during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as described below:

#### **(a) Accounting Standards Adopted During the Period**

For the first time beginning on January 1, 2015, the Company adopted certain standards and amendments. As required by IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors, the nature and the effect of these changes are disclosed below:

##### *Employee Benefits*

Beginning on January 1, 2015, the Company adopted the amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits retrospectively. The amendments to IAS 19 required contributions from employees or third parties that are linked to service to be attributed to periods of service as a negative benefit. The amendments to IAS 19 provide simplified accounting in certain situations. If the amount of contribution is independent of the number of years of service, an entity is permitted to recognize such contributions as a reduction in the service costs in the period in which the service is rendered, instead of allocating the contributions to the period's service. The adoption of the amendments to IAS 19 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

##### *Annual Improvements to IFRS (2010 – 2012) and (2011 – 2013) Cycles*

Beginning on January 1, 2015, the Company adopted various amendments to a total of seven standards including disclosure on the aggregation of operating segments in IFRS 8 Operating Segments, measurement of short-term receivables and payables under IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, definition of related party in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures, and other amendments. The adoption of these amendments did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### **(b) Accounting Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective**

##### *Annual Improvements to IFRS (2012-2014) Cycle*

In September 2014, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to a total of four standards as part of its annual improvement process. Amendments were made to clarify items including the consistent classification of assets if they are reclassified from held for sale to held for distribution in IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations and clarification of interim financial statement disclosure requirements regarding offsetting financial assets and liabilities and clarification of whether a servicing contract constitutes continuing involvement for the purposes of disclosures of transferred financial assets that are derecognized under IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures. The amendments also include clarification that the currency of the bonds used to estimate the discount rate for pension obligations must be the same as the currency in which the benefits will be paid under IAS 19 Employee Benefits and additional requirements under IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting that cross-referenced information from the interim financial statements must be available at the same time and on the same terms as the interim financial statements. The Company intends to adopt these amendments in its consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2016. The extent of the impact of the adoption of the amendments have not yet been determined.

##### *Joint Arrangements*

In May 2014, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements was amended to require an acquisition of a joint operation that constitutes a business to be accounted for using the principles of business combinations in IFRS 3 Business Combinations. This amendment applies to both initial and additional interest acquired in the joint operation. The Company intends to adopt the amendments to IFRS 11 in its consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2016. The extent of the impact of the adoption of amendments to IFRS 11 has not yet been determined.

##### *Consolidated Financial Statements and Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*

In September 2014, IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures were amended to clarify an inconsistency between the two standards relating to the sale or contribution of assets from an investor to its associate or joint venture. The amendment requires that a full gain or loss is recorded if the sold or contributed assets do not constitute a business. The Company intends to adopt these amendments in its consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2016. The extent of the impact of the adoption of the amendments have not yet been determined.

##### *Revenue Recognition*

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. IFRS 15 replaces the detailed guidance on revenue recognition requirements that currently exists under IFRS. IFRS 15 specifies the accounting treatment for all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless the contracts are within the scope of other IFRSs. The standard also provides a model for the measurement and recognition of gains and losses on the sale of certain non-financial assets that are not an output of the Company's ordinary activities. Additional disclosure is required under the standard, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods, and key judgments and estimates. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017; early application is permitted either following a full retrospective approach or a modified retrospective approach. The modified retrospective approach allows the standard to be applied to existing contracts beginning the initial period of adoption and restatements to the comparative periods are not required. The Company is required to disclose the impact by financial line item as a result of the adoption of the new standard. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 15 in its

consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2017. The extent of the impact of adoption of IFRS 15 has not yet been determined.

#### Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with a mandatory effective date of January 1, 2018. The new standard brings together the classification and measurements, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. In addition to the new requirements for classification and measurement of financial assets, a new general hedge accounting model and other amendments issued in previous versions of IFRS 9, the standard also introduces new impairment requirements that are based on a forward-looking expected credit loss model. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 9 in its consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2018. The extent of the impact of the adoption of IFRS 9 has not yet been determined.

The disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 Financial Instruments - Disclosure have also been amended to include the additional disclosure required under IFRS 9. The Company intends to adopt these amendments to IFRS 7 at the same time as adoption of IFRS 9. The extent of the impact of the adoption of the amendments to IFRS 7 has not yet been determined.

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As at March 31, 2015, the Company had agreements to cash collateralize certain of its letters of credit up to an amount of \$120.0 million (2014: \$0.0 million), of which \$116.8 million (2014: \$0.0 million) was deposited with a major financial institution.

#### 5. ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Components of Accounts Receivable are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
Trade receivables	\$ 26,656	\$ 21,304	\$ 20,498
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5)	(80)	(4)
Net trade receivables	\$ 26,651	\$ 21,224	\$ 20,494
Other receivables:			
Commodity taxes receivable	11,092	14,064	9,539
Interest rate swap receivable	2,213	5,805	2,308
Government receivable	15,644	14,856	16,583
Insurance receivable	—	4,413	36
Other	10,353	9,232	11,436
	\$ 65,953	\$ 69,594	\$ 60,396

The aging of trade receivables is as follows:

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
Current	\$ 23,939	\$ 17,096	\$ 16,875
Past due 0-30 days	2,683	4,177	3,623
Past due 31-60 days	—	—	—
Past due 61-90 days	32	—	—
Past due > 90 days	2	31	—
	\$ 26,656	\$ 21,304	\$ 20,498

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of the uncollectible amounts based on specific losses estimated on individual exposures.

Under revolving securitization programs, the Company has sold certain of its trade accounts receivable to an entity owned by a financial institution. The Company retains servicing responsibilities for these receivables. As at March 31, 2015, trade accounts receivable being serviced under these programs amounted to \$201.9 million (2014: \$168.9 million). In return for the sale of its trade receivables, the Company will receive cash of \$93.1 million (2014: \$59.7 million) and notes receivable in the amount of \$108.8 million (2014: \$109.2 million). The notes receivable are non-interest bearing and are adjusted on the settlement dates of the securitized accounts receivable. Due to the timing of receipts and disbursements, the Company may, from time to time, also record a receivable or payable related to the securitization facility. As at March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a net receivable amount of \$18.1 million (2014: \$31.5 million net payable) in accounts receivable.

The Company's securitization programs require the sale of trade receivable to be treated as a sale from an accounting perspective and as a result, trade receivables sold under these programs are derecognized in the consolidated balance sheets as at March 31, 2015 and 2014.

**6. INVENTORIES**

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
Raw materials	\$ 35,315	\$ 34,767	\$ 31,345
Work in process	20,591	22,981	19,502
Finished goods	192,588	185,883	169,103
Packaging	18,066	15,616	22,083
Spare parts	27,308	24,026	28,368
	<b>\$ 293,868</b>	<b>\$ 283,273</b>	<b>\$ 270,401</b>

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, inventory in the amount of \$616.1 million (2014: \$569.2 million) was expensed through cost of goods sold. There were no reversals of previous write-downs recognized.

**7. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS**

The change in fair value of commercial hog and poultry stock for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was a loss of \$7.3 million (2014: gain of \$40.3 million) and was recorded in cost of goods sold.

The fair value measures of commercial hog stock have been categorized as Level 3 fair value based on inputs to the valuation techniques used. There were no transfers between levels during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

**8. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE**

A brief description of the assets and liabilities held for sale is as follows:

**Investment Properties**

The Company intends to dispose of various investment properties it no longer utilizes. Investment properties are included in non-allocated assets for segmented reporting.

**Canada Bread Company, Limited**

On February 12, 2014, the Company announced that Grupo Bimbo, S.A.B. de C.V. of Mexico ("Grupo Bimbo") agreed to acquire all of the issued and outstanding common shares of Canada Bread Company, Limited ("Canada Bread"), a subsidiary in which the Company had a 90.0% controlling interest. The assets of Canada Bread were included in the Bakery Products Group for segmented reporting. As at March 31, 2014, Canada Bread was classified as a disposal group held for sale and was de-recognized upon the closing date of the sale on May 23, 2014. The results of Canada Bread are presented as a discontinued operation as disclosed in Note 22.

	As at March 31, 2015			As at March 31, 2014			As at December 31, 2014		
	Investment Properties	Total	Canada Bread	Investment Properties	Total	Investment Properties	Total		
<b>ASSETS HELD FOR SALE</b>									
<b>Current assets</b>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 144,096	\$ —	\$ 144,096	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Accounts receivable	—	—	14,872	—	14,872	—	—	—	
Notes receivable	—	—	46,321	—	46,321	—	—	—	
Inventories	—	—	53,717	—	53,717	—	—	—	
Income and other taxes recoverable	—	—	6,213	—	6,213	—	—	—	
Prepaid expenses and other assets <sup>(i)</sup>	—	—	6,362	—	6,362	—	—	—	
	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 271,581	\$ —	\$ 271,581	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Property and equipment	—	—	379,779	—	379,779	—	—	—	
Investment property	1,107	1,107	9,857	834	10,691	1,107	1,107	—	
Employee benefits	—	—	1,758	—	1,758	—	—	—	
Other long-term assets	—	—	4,794	—	4,794	—	—	—	
Deferred tax asset	—	—	25,198	—	25,198	—	—	—	
Goodwill	—	—	293,250	—	293,250	—	—	—	
Intangible assets	—	—	13,895	—	13,895	—	—	—	
<b>Total assets held for sale</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$1,000,112</b>	<b>\$ 834</b>	<b>\$1,000,946</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	
<b>LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS HELD FOR SALE</b>									
<b>Current Liabilities</b>									
Accounts payable and accruals	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 217,506	\$ —	\$ 217,506	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Provisions	—	—	5,304	—	5,304	—	—	—	
Current portion of long-term debt	—	—	554	—	554	—	—	—	
Other current liabilities <sup>(ii)</sup>	—	—	100	—	100	—	—	—	
	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 223,464	\$ —	\$ 223,464	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Long-term debt	—	—	2,051	—	2,051	—	—	—	
Employee benefits	—	—	36,960	—	36,960	—	—	—	
Provisions	—	—	5,488	—	5,488	—	—	—	
Other long-term liabilities	—	—	4,562	—	4,562	—	—	—	
Deferred tax liability	—	—	38,875	—	38,875	—	—	—	
<b>Total liabilities associated with assets held for sale</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 311,400</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 311,400</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	
<b>Net assets associated with assets held for sale</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ 688,712</b>	<b>\$ 834</b>	<b>\$ 689,546</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ 1,107</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	
<b>Included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income associated with assets held for sale</b>									
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,425	\$ —	\$ 3,425	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges	—	—	734	—	734	—	—	—	
<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income associated with assets held for sale</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 4,159</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 4,159</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	

<sup>(i)</sup> Other current assets of Canada Bread include foreign exchange forward contracts that were designated as cash flow hedges as at March 31, 2014 and have been valued at fair value in accordance with the measurement requirements of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of these assets is disclosed in Note 19.

<sup>(ii)</sup> Other current liabilities of Canada Bread include foreign exchange forward contracts that were not designated in a formal hedging relationship as at March 31, 2014 and have been valued at fair value in accordance with the measurement requirements of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of these assets is disclosed in Note 19.

**9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded expenses of \$10.3 million (2014: \$12.6 million) related to pension and other post-retirement benefits, of which \$0.0 million is related to discontinued operations (2014: \$3.5 million).

**10. GOODWILL**

The continuity of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

Cost	Notes	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Opening balance January 1		\$ 428,236	\$ 826,040
Transfer to assets held for sale	8	—	(401,617)
Foreign currency translation		—	4,170
<b>Balance</b>		<b>\$ 428,236</b>	<b>\$ 428,593</b>
<b>Impairment losses</b>			
Opening balance January 1		\$ —	\$ (105,242)
Transfer to assets held for sale	8	—	108,033
Foreign currency translation		—	(3,148)
<b>Balance</b>		<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (357)</b>
<b>Net carrying amounts</b>		<b>\$ 428,236</b>	<b>\$ 428,236</b>

For the purposes of annual impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Meat Products Cash Generating Unit ("CGU") Group; being the group expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combinations in which the goodwill arose.

**11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Intangible assets include trademarks, customer relationships, quota, delivery routes and software.

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
Indefinite life	\$ 66,853	\$ 66,853	\$ 66,853
Definite life	88,760	118,410	98,213
<b>Total intangible assets</b>	<b>\$ 155,613</b>	<b>\$ 185,263</b>	<b>\$ 165,066</b>

The indefinite life intangible assets are allocated to the Meat Products CGU Group.

## 12. PROVISIONS

	Notes	Legal	Environ- mental	Lease make- good	Restructuring and other related costs <sup>(i)</sup>	Total
<b>Balance at December 31, 2014<sup>(ii)</sup></b>	\$	2,250	\$ 11,030	\$ 4,457	\$ 60,141	\$ 77,878
Charges		—	—	250	6,150	6,400
Reversals		—	—	—	(240)	(240)
Cash payments		—	(34)	(1,350)	(16,148)	(17,532)
Non-cash items		—	—	(1,020)	120	(900)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2015</b>	\$	2,250	\$ 10,996	\$ 2,337	\$ 50,023	\$ 65,606
Current					\$	46,010
Non-current						19,596
<b>Total at March 31, 2015</b>					\$	65,606
		Legal	Environ- mental	Lease make- good	Restructuring and other related costs <sup>(i)</sup>	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$	561	\$ 12,603	\$ 4,736	\$ 56,556	\$ 74,456
Charges		91	—	16	18,998	19,105
Reversals		—	—	—	(1,573)	(1,573)
Cash payments		(413)	(3)	—	(9,983)	(10,399)
Foreign currency translation		—	—	104	193	297
Transfer to liabilities associated with assets held for sale	8	—	(1,316)	(2,517)	(6,959)	(10,792)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$	239	\$ 11,284	\$ 2,339	\$ 57,232	\$ 71,094
Current					\$	40,100
Non-current						30,994
<b>Total at March 31, 2014</b>					\$	71,094

<sup>(i)</sup> For additional information on restructuring and other related costs, see the table below.

<sup>(ii)</sup> Balance at December 31, 2014, includes current portion of \$60.4 million and non-current portion of \$17.4 million.

The following tables provide a summary of provisions recorded in respect of restructuring and other related costs as at March 31, 2015, and March 31, 2014, all on a pre-tax basis.

	Severance	Site closing and other cash costs	Retention	Total restructuring and other related costs
<b>Balance at December 31, 2014</b>	\$ 34,773	\$ 12,324	\$ 13,044	\$ 60,141
Charges	1,781	3,047	1,322	6,150
Reversals	—	(22)	(218)	(240)
Cash payments	(4,932)	(3,756)	(7,460)	(16,148)
Non-cash items	—	120	—	120
<b>Balance at March 31, 2015</b>	\$ 31,622	\$ 11,713	\$ 6,688	\$ 50,023

	Severance	Site closing and other cash costs	Retention	Total restructuring and other related costs
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 27,824	\$ 12,124	\$ 16,608	\$ 56,556
Charges	10,801	216	7,981	18,998
Reversals	(1,536)	(37)	—	(1,573)
Cash payments	(3,573)	(3,130)	(3,280)	(9,983)
Foreign currency translation	(29)	222	—	193
Transfer to liabilities associated with assets held for sale	(2,765)	(2,691)	(1,503)	(6,959)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$ 30,722	\$ 6,704	\$ 19,806	\$ 57,232

### 13. LONG-TERM DEBT

On February 3, 2015, the Company amended its existing \$200.0 million credit facility by extending the maturity of the facility to June 30, 2016 using the same syndicate of Canadian, U.S., and international institutions. All other terms and conditions remain relatively the same. The facility is unsecured and bears interest based on short-term interest rates. The facility is intended to meet the Company's funding requirements for general corporate purposes, and to provide appropriate levels of liquidity. As at March 31, 2015, the Company had drawn letters of credit of \$10.5 million on this facility.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company amended its existing revolving credit facility to include additional shorter-term financing. This facility included a revolving component with an availability of \$1,050.0 million and a non-revolving component of \$330.0 million. This facility could be drawn in Canadian or U.S. dollars, with interest at rates based on Banker's acceptance of prime rates for Canadian dollar loans, and U.S. prime rate and LIBOR for U.S. dollar loans. Upon closing of the Canada Bread sale the facility was reduced to a revolving \$200.0 million.

### 14. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Notes	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
Derivative instruments	19	\$ 16,787	\$ 102,262	\$ 13,932
Liability for stock-based compensation	24	7,891	25,396	6,469
Other		4,271	741	3,982
		\$ 28,949	\$ 128,399	\$ 24,383

### 15. OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Notes	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
Derivative instruments	19	\$ 10,886	\$ 11,220	\$ 7,748
Other		13,168	15,533	13,151
		\$ 24,054	\$ 26,753	\$ 20,899

**16. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS**

	Attributable to Common Shareholders				Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with continuing operations
	Foreign currency translation adjustments <sup>(i)</sup>	Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges <sup>(ii)</sup>	Actuarial gains and (losses) <sup>(ii)</sup>		
<b>Balance at December 31, 2014</b>	\$ 737	\$ (963)	\$ —	\$	(226)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	1,082	(4,902)	14,707		10,887
Transfer to retained earnings	—	—	(14,707)		(14,707)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2015</b>	\$ 1,819	\$ (5,865)	\$ —	\$	(4,046)

	Attributable to Common Shareholders				Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with continuing operations
	Foreign currency translation adjustments <sup>(i)</sup>	Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges <sup>(ii)</sup>	Actuarial gains and (losses) <sup>(ii)</sup>		
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 269	\$ (4,862)	\$ —	\$	(4,593)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	345	2,219	714		3,278
Transfer to retained earnings	—	—	(714)		(714)
Transfer to held for sale	1,025	(226)	—		799
<b>Balance at March 31, 2014</b>	\$ 1,639	\$ (2,869)	\$ —	\$	(1,230)

<sup>(i)</sup> Items that are or may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

<sup>(ii)</sup> Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

The Company estimates that \$5.9 million net of tax of \$2.0 million of the unrealized gain included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) will be reclassified into net earnings (loss) within the next 12 months. The actual amount of this reclassification will be impacted by future changes in the fair value of financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges. The actual amount reclassified could differ from this estimated amount. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, a loss of approximately \$1.0 million, net of tax of \$0.4 million was released to earnings from accumulated other comprehensive loss and is included in the net change for the period (2014: loss of approximately \$1.7 million, net of tax of \$0.6 million).

**17. SHARE CAPITAL**

On March 23, 2015 the TSX accepted the Company's notice to launch a new normal course issuer bid, which allows the Company to repurchase, at its discretion, up to approximately 8.65 million common shares in the open market or as otherwise permitted, subject to the normal terms and limitations of such bids. Common shares purchased by the Company will be canceled. The program commenced on March 25, 2015 and will terminate on March 24, 2016, or on such earlier date as the Company completes its purchases pursuant to the notice of intention. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 there were no transactions recorded in relation to this bid.



**18. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER RELATED COSTS**

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
<b>MEAT PRODUCTS GROUP</b>		
<b>Management and organizational structure changes</b>		
Severance	\$ 131	\$ 355
Site closing and other costs	—	(32)
	<b>\$ 131</b>	<b>\$ 323</b>
<b>Strategic value creation initiatives</b>		
Severance	\$ 90	\$ (1,384)
Site closing and other costs	2,964	(4)
Asset impairment and accelerated depreciation	4,237	6,022
Retention	1,104	6,515
	<b>\$ 8,395</b>	<b>\$ 11,149</b>
<b>Plant closure</b>		
Severance	\$ 4	\$ —
<b>Total Meat Products Group</b>	<b>\$ 8,530</b>	<b>\$ 11,472</b>
<b>NON-ALLOCATED</b>		
<b>Management and organizational structure changes</b>		
Severance <sup>(i)</sup>	\$ 1,556	\$ 10,294
Site closing and other costs	(45)	—
Pension	804	—
<b>Total Non-Allocated</b>	<b>\$ 2,315</b>	<b>\$ 10,294</b>
<b>Total restructuring and other related costs</b>	<b>\$ 10,845</b>	<b>\$ 21,766</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> 2014 amount includes share based payments as described in Note 24.

Amounts in the table above are net of reversals.

A brief description of the projects is as follows:

**Management and Organizational Structure Changes**

The Company has recorded restructuring and other related costs pertaining to organizational delayering and changes to its management structure, related to the sale of Canada Bread and to other initiatives.

**Strategic Value Creation Initiatives**

The Company's Meat Products Group has recorded restructuring costs related to changes in its manufacturing and distribution network as part of implementing the Value Creation Plan.

**Plant Closure**

This category includes plant closures not related to the Company's Strategic Value Creation Initiatives described above. There were no such plant closures in the three months ended March 31, 2015.

**Impairment**

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company did not record any impairments or reversals of impairments of fixed assets through restructuring and other related costs.

**19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES**

The Company is exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, foreign exchange risk, and commodity price risk. The Company has policies for managing these risks that are aligned with its overall objective to maintain a simple cost-effective capital structure that supports a long-term growth strategy and maximizes operating flexibility.

On March 14, 2014, the Company issued a notice of repayment of its notes payable, with a subsequent repayment on April 14, 2014.

On the original issuance of the U.S. denominated debt, and in order to hedge against the foreign exchange risk associated with the issuance of U.S. denominated debt, the Company entered into cross-currency interest rate swaps. The cross-currency swaps converted the U.S. denominated fixed-rate notes, into fixed-rate Canadian denominated notes, and were accounted for as cash flow hedges.

As a result of the decision to accelerate the repayment of all outstanding notes, hedge accounting on all of the cross-currency interest rate swaps was discontinued. This resulted in a reclassification of \$9.6 million from accumulated other comprehensive income, to interest expense and other financing costs, during the three months ended March 31, 2014. During the same period, the Company terminated cross-currency interest rate swaps maturing in 2021, and the remaining cross-currency swaps maturing in 2014.

There have been no material changes to the Company's risk management activities since December 31, 2014.

### Financial Instruments

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are classified into the following categories:

Cash and cash equivalents	Held for trading
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables
Notes receivable	Loans and receivables
Bank indebtedness	Other financial liabilities
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities
Long-term debt	Other financial liabilities
Derivative instruments <sup>(i)</sup>	Held for trading

<sup>(i)</sup> These derivative instruments may be designated as cash flow hedges or as fair value hedges as appropriate.

The Company applies hedge accounting and uses derivatives and other non-derivative financial instruments to manage its exposures to fluctuations in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices.

The fair values and notional amounts of derivative financial instruments at March 31 are shown below:

	2015			2014		
	Notional amount <sup>(i)</sup>	Fair value		Notional amount <sup>(i)</sup>	Fair value	
		Asset	Liability		Asset	Liability
<b>Cash flow hedges</b>						
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(ii)</sup>	\$ 139,227	\$ 37	\$ 8,845	\$ 226,755	\$ 1,101	\$ 4,942
Commodity contracts <sup>(ii)</sup>	14,378	941	—	27,489	775	—
<b>Fair value hedges</b>						
Commodity contracts <sup>(ii)</sup>	\$ 13,249	\$ 1,763	\$ —	\$ 85,489	\$ —	\$ 17,365
<b>Derivatives not designated in a formal hedging relationship</b>						
Interest rate swaps	\$ 1,180,000	\$ 6,844	\$ 17,762	\$ 1,180,000	\$ —	\$ 17,267
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	—	—	—	100,000	—	27,920
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(ii)</sup>	148,602	1,584	1,066	516,033	304	622
Commodity contracts <sup>(ii)</sup>	428,362	16,753	—	714,167	10,241	45,366
<b>Total fair value</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 27,922</b>	<b>\$ 27,673</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 12,421</b>	<b>\$ 113,482</b>
Current <sup>(iii)</sup>	\$	\$ 23,912	\$ 16,787	\$	\$ 12,421	\$ 102,262
Non-current		4,010	10,886		—	11,220
<b>Total fair value</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 27,922</b>	<b>\$ 27,673</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 12,421</b>	<b>\$ 113,482</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> Unless otherwise stated, notional amounts are stated at the contractual Canadian dollar equivalent.

<sup>(ii)</sup> Derivatives are short-term and will impact profit or loss at various dates within the next 12 months.

<sup>(iii)</sup> Included in the current portion at March 31, 2014 above are assets of \$1.1 million included in assets held for sale and \$0.3 million included in liabilities associated with assets held for sale associated with the Canada Bread transaction (Note 8).

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities classified as loans and receivables and other financial liabilities as at March 31, 2015, approximate their carrying value due to their short-term nature.

The fair value of long-term debt as at March 31, 2015 approximates its carrying value. The fair value of long-term debt as at March 31, 2014 was \$1,353.7 million as compared to its carrying value of \$1,341.2 million on the consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt has been classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy and was estimated based on discounted future cash flows using current rates for similar financial instruments subject to similar risks and maturities.

Financial assets and liabilities classified as held for trading are recorded at fair value. The fair values of the Company's interest rate and foreign exchange derivative financial instruments were estimated using current market measures for interest rates and foreign exchange rates. Commodity futures and options contracts are exchange-traded and fair value is determined based on exchange prices.

Derivatives not designated in a formal hedging relationship are classified as held for trading. Net gains (losses) on financial instruments held for trading consist of realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives that were de-designated or were otherwise not in a formal hedging relationship. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a gain of \$13.1 million (2014: loss of \$40.1 million) on financial instruments held for trading. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2015, the held-for-trading gain(loss) was mainly attributed to trading in commodity exchange traded contracts which hedge and off-set price risk volatility inherent in the hog operational business.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the pre-tax amount of hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings was a loss of \$0.1 million (2014: gain of \$0.2 million).

The table below sets out fair value measurements of financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ —	\$ 1,621	\$ —	1,621
Commodity contracts	19,457	—	—	19,457
Interest rate swaps	—	6,844	—	6,844
	<b>\$ 19,457</b>	<b>\$ 8,465</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>27,922</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ —	\$ 9,911	\$ —	9,911
Interest rate swaps	—	17,762	—	17,762
	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 27,673</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>27,673</b>

There were no transfers between levels during the three months ended March 31, 2015. Determination of fair value and the resulting hierarchy requires the use of observable market data whenever available. The classification of a financial instrument in the hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement of fair value. For financial instruments that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

#### Non-designated Interest Rate Swaps

The change in fair value of non-designated interest rate swaps for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was a gain of \$1.6 million (Note 20) (\$1.2 million after-tax) and was recorded in net earnings (loss) (2014: gain of \$1.1 million (\$0.8 million after-tax)).

**20. OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)**

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Gain (loss) on sale of property and equipment	\$ 295	\$ (317)
Gain on sale of investment properties	298	350
Net investment property loss	(1,063)	(46)
Hedge ineffectiveness	—	231
Impairment of assets <sup>(i)</sup>	(979)	—
Legal settlements	—	154
Depreciation of assets used to support divested businesses <sup>(ii)</sup>	(5,087)	—
Interest income	1,104	—
Adjustment of provisions	(250)	—
Net expense on non-designated interest rate swaps <sup>(iii)</sup>	(1,717)	—
Change in fair value of non-designated interest rate swaps <sup>(iii)</sup>	1,569	—
Other	(7)	921
	<b>\$ (5,837)</b>	<b>\$ 1,293</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> *Impairments of assets*

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Impairments recorded by the Company related to the following:		
Property and equipment	\$ 979	\$ —
<b>Total impairments</b>	<b>\$ 979</b>	<b>\$ —</b>

<sup>(ii)</sup> *Depreciation of assets used to support divested businesses*

Relates to assets used to provide ongoing information systems support to divested businesses during a transitional period. As a result of divestitures during the previous year, the Company previously revised the estimated useful life of these assets, resulting in a depreciation charge in excess of cost recoveries.

<sup>(iii)</sup> For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the net expense on non-designated interest rate swaps is presented in other income, as this expense is no longer considered a financing cost as a result of the repayment of all of the Company's outstanding debt in the second quarter of 2014. In 2014 this cost was presented as interest and other financing costs. The change in fair value of non-designated interest rate swaps has also been reclassified to other income to appropriately group the similar charges together. There has been no change to the comparative information presented for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

**21. INTEREST EXPENSE AND OTHER FINANCING COSTS**

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 114	\$ 10,988
Interest on bankers' acceptances and prime loans	—	2,662
Interest expense on interest rate swaps	—	5,395
Interest income on interest rate swaps	—	(4,615)
Net interest expense on non-designated interest rate swaps	—	1,680
Interest expense on securitized receivables	395	419
Deferred finance charges	62	1,197
Other interest charges	653	1,382
Interest capitalized	—	(2,783)
Other financing costs <sup>(i)</sup>	—	98,386
	<b>\$ 1,224</b>	<b>\$ 114,711</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> Other financing costs for the three months ended March 31, 2014, included costs associated with the repayment of all of the Company's outstanding senior notes including an early repayment premium of \$78.7 million, write-off of deferred financing fees of \$6.3 million, financing costs associated with the new credit facility of \$3.8 million and a release from accumulated other comprehensive income on the de-designation of cross-currency interest rate swaps of \$9.6 million.

**22. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS****Canada Bread Company, Limited**

On May 23, 2014, Grupo Bimbo, S.A.B. de C.V. of Mexico ("Grupo Bimbo") acquired the 90.0% of issued and outstanding shares of Canada Bread owned by the Company, by way of a statutory plan of arrangement under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) (the "Arrangement"). Upon the sale of the business, the net assets of Canada Bread have been de-recognized from assets held for sale. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Canada Bread operations have been classified as discontinued operations on the Consolidated Statements of Net Earnings (Loss), and are presented as part of Bakery Products Group for segmented reporting. Additional transaction costs associated with the sale but incurred in 2015 are also recorded as discontinued operations as an adjustment to the gain on disposal.

**Olivieri Fresh Pasta and Sauce Business**

On November 25, 2013, the Company sold substantially all the net assets of its Olivieri fresh pasta and sauce business ("Olivieri"), a component of the Bakery Products Group, to Catelli Foods Corporation. The purchase price was finalized during March 2014. The final net proceeds were \$115.8 million, including a pre-tax adjustment in the three months ended March 31, 2014 of \$0.5 million. The adjustment to the gain on disposal and its related tax impact is recognized as part of the results of discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Following is a summary of earnings (loss) from discontinued operations:

Three months ended March 31,	Note	2015		2014		
		Canada Bread	Total	Canada Bread	Olivieri	Total
Sales		\$ —	\$ —	\$ 342,837	\$ —	\$ 342,837
Cost of goods sold		—	—	266,572	—	266,572
Gross margin		\$ —	\$ —	\$ 76,265	\$ —	\$ 76,265
Selling, general, and administrative expenses		—	—	49,393	—	49,393
Operating Earnings before the following:		\$ —	\$ —	\$ 26,872	\$ —	\$ 26,872
Restructuring and other related costs		—	—	(1,877)	—	(1,877)
Transaction costs associated with the disposal of business		—	—	(30,976)	—	(30,976)
Adjustment of prior gain on disposal of discontinued operations		(59)	(59)	—	(468)	(468)
Other income (expense)		—	—	1,845	—	1,845
Earnings (loss) before interest and income taxes from discontinued operations		\$ (59)	\$ (59)	\$ (4,136)	\$ (468)	\$ (4,604)
Interest expense and other financing costs		—	—	174	—	174
Earnings (loss) before income taxes from discontinued operations		\$ (59)	\$ (59)	\$ (4,310)	\$ (468)	\$ (4,778)
Income taxes		—	—	2,450	160	2,610
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		\$ (59)	\$ (59)	\$ (6,760)	\$ (628)	\$ (7,388)
Attributed to:						
Common shareholders		\$ (59)	\$ (59)	\$ (7,718)	\$ (591)	\$ (8,309)
Non-controlling interest		—	—	958	(37)	921
		\$ (59)	\$ (59)	\$ (6,760)	\$ (628)	\$ (7,388)
Earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations attributable to common shareholders:	23					
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations		\$	(0.00)		\$	(0.06)
Weighted average number of shares (millions)			143.0			140.2

In order to accurately represent the continuing and discontinuing operations sales and cost of goods sold, certain intercompany eliminations have been reversed in the amounts presented above and in the statement of earnings (loss) for all periods presented.

The net cash flows provided by (used in) the discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31 are as follows:

Three months ended March 31,	2015		2014		
	Canada Bread	Total	Canada Bread	Olivieri	Total
Operating cash flows	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 42,525	\$ (160)	\$ 42,365
Financing cash flows	—	—	(216,391)	—	(216,391)
Investing cash flows	(59)	(59)	(2,064)	(468)	(2,532)
Net cash flows	\$ (59)	\$ (59)	\$ (175,930)	\$ (628)	\$ (176,558)

### 23. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the quarter.

Diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the quarter, adjusted for the effects of potentially dilutive stock options.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share ("EPS"):

Three months ended March 31,	Attributable to Common Shareholders					
	2015			2014		
	Net earnings (loss)	Weighted average number of shares <sup>(ii)</sup>	EPS	Net earnings (loss)	Weighted average number of shares <sup>(ii)</sup>	EPS
Basic						
Continuing operations	\$ (2,802)	143.0	\$ (0.02)	(124,602)	140.2	\$ (0.89)
Discontinued operations	(59)	143.0	(0.00)	(8,309)	140.2	(0.06)
	\$ (2,861)	143.0	\$ (0.02)	(132,911)	140.2	\$ (0.95)
Stock options <sup>(i)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diluted						
Continuing operations	\$ (2,802)	143.0	\$ (0.02)	(124,602)	140.2	\$ (0.89)
Discontinued operations	(59)	143.0	(0.00)	(8,309)	140.2	(0.06)
	\$ (2,861)	143.0	\$ (0.02)	(132,911)	140.2	\$ (0.95)

<sup>(i)</sup> Excludes the effect of approximately 5.9 million options and restricted share units (2014: 6.6 million) to purchase common shares that are anti-dilutive.

<sup>(ii)</sup> In millions.

### 24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

Under the Maple Leaf Foods Share Incentive Plan in effect as at March 31, 2015, the Company may grant options to its employees and employees of its subsidiaries to purchase shares of common stock and may grant Restricted Share Units ("RSUs") and Performance Share Units ("PSUs") entitling employees to receive common shares or cash at the Company's option. Options, RSUs, and PSUs are granted from time to time by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Human Resources Compensation Committee. The vesting conditions are specified by the Board of Directors and may include the continued service of the employee with the Company and/or other criteria based on measures of the Company's performance.

Under the Company's Share Purchase and Deferred Share Unit Plan ("DSU Plan"), eligible Directors may elect to receive their retainer and fees in the form of Deferred Share Units ("DSUs") or as common shares of the Company.

During March 2014, as a result of the planned sale of Canada Bread, the Company modified the terms of the plan to allow for RSUs and PSUs outstanding at that date, to be cash settled. The Company also made changes to the performance criteria and vesting period of all RSUs, PSUs, and stock options outstanding. This resulted in an additional expense of \$6.7 million at the date of modification and \$1.9 million on market value adjustment at the date of sale of Canada Bread. This additional expense was reflected in selling, general, and administrative expenses. Additionally, \$23.4 million was re-classified from equity to liabilities.

## Stock Options

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding stock options and changes during the three months ended March 31 are presented below:

	2015		2014	
	Options outstanding	Weighted average exercise price	Options outstanding	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at January 1	3,141,200	\$ 14.83	4,679,800	\$ 11.60
Granted	728,400	22.52	—	—
Exercised	(120,600)	11.64	(82,800)	11.48
Forfeited	—	—	—	—
Expired	—	—	—	—
<b>Outstanding at March 31</b>	<b>3,749,000</b>	<b>\$ 16.42</b>	<b>4,597,000</b>	<b>\$ 11.60</b>
Options currently exercisable	1,859,600	\$ 11.63	2,368,900	\$ 11.52

All outstanding stock options vest and become exercisable over a period not exceeding five years (time vesting) from the date of grant and/or upon the achievement of specified performance targets (based on return on net assets, earnings, share price, or total stock return relative to an index). The options have a term of seven years.

At grant date, each option series is measured for fair value based on the Black-Scholes formula. Expected volatility is estimated by considering historic average share price volatility. The inputs used in this model for the options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015, are shown in the table below<sup>(i)</sup>.

	2015
Share price at grant date	\$ 21.86
Exercise price	\$ 22.52
Expected volatility <sup>(i)</sup>	24.33%
Option life (in years) <sup>(ii)</sup>	4.5
Expected dividend yield	1.46%
Risk-free interest rate <sup>(iii)</sup>	0.95%

<sup>(i)</sup> Weighted average based on number of units granted.

<sup>(ii)</sup> Expected weighted average life.

<sup>(iii)</sup> Based on Government of Canada bonds.

There were 728,400 stock options issued during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The fair value of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$2.6 million. Amortization charges relating to current and prior year options during the three months ended March 31, 2015, were \$0.5 million.

There were no options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2014. Amortization charges relating to current and prior year options for the three months ended March 31, 2014, were \$1.0 million.

## Restricted Share Units

A summary of the status of the Company's RSU plans (including PSUs) as at March 31, 2015 and 2014 and changes during these periods is presented below:

	2015		2014	
	RSUs outstanding	Weighted average fair value at grant	RSUs outstanding	Weighted average fair value at grant
<b>Outstanding at January 1</b>	<b>1,320,259</b>	<b>\$ 15.37</b>	<b>2,746,000</b>	<b>\$ 11.17</b>
Granted	441,540	20.60	—	—
Exercised	—	—	—	—
Forfeited	(26,100)	15.95	(23,800)	11.17
Expired	—	—	—	—
<b>Outstanding at March 31</b>	<b>1,735,699</b>	<b>\$ 16.70</b>	<b>2,722,200</b>	<b>\$ 11.17</b>

The fair value of RSUs and PSUs granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$7.9 million (2014: \$0.0 million). Expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015, relating to current and prior year RSUs and PSUs were \$2.1 million (2014: expense of \$9.4 million includes the modification impacts and a mark-to-market adjustment on the related liability outlined above).

The key assumptions used in the valuation of fair value of RSUs granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the table below<sup>(i)</sup>.

	<b>2015</b>
Expected RSU life (in years)	<b>3.19</b>
Forfeiture rate	<b>13.7%</b>
Risk-free discount rate	<b>0.6%</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> *Weighted average based on number of units granted.*

#### **Director Share Units**

The fair value of director share units expensed during the three months ended March 31, 2015, were \$0.3 million (2014: \$0.3 million).

#### **25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Company had a 90.0% controlling interest in Canada Bread, a publicly traded subsidiary that was consolidated into the Company's results and presented as a discontinued operation, until its sale in May 2014. Transactions between the Company and its consolidated entities have been eliminated in these consolidated financial statements. Subsequent to the sale of this controlling interest, Canada Bread ceased to be a related party of the Company and the Company is no longer consolidating the results and the related balance sheet of Canada Bread, as discussed in Note 22.

The Company sponsors a number of defined benefit and defined contribution plans. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company received \$0.0 million (2014: \$0.2 million) from the defined benefit pension plans for the reimbursement of expenses incurred by the Company to provide services to these plans. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company's contributions to these plans were \$2.6 million (2014: \$10.1 million), which includes \$0.0 million (2014: \$2.2 million) made by Canada Bread, which has been presented as discontinued operations.

#### **26. GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES**

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded government incentives as a reduction in the cost of related assets totalling \$0.1 million (2014: \$0.1 million). Additionally, the Company recorded other incentives in earnings totalling \$0.1 million (2014: \$0.0 million).

#### **27. SEGMENTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

##### **Reportable Segmented Information**

The Company has three reportable segments, as described below, which are groupings of the Company's CGUs. These segments offer different products, have separate management structures and have their own marketing strategies and brands. The Company's Management regularly reviews internal reports for these segments. The following describes the operations of each segment:

- (a) The Meat Products Group is comprised of value-added processed packaged meat, chilled meal entrées and lunch kits, and primary pork and poultry processing.
- (b) The Agribusiness Group is comprised of Canadian hog production operations that primarily supply the Meat Products Group with livestock as well as toll feed sales.
- (c) The Bakery Products Group was comprised of the Company's 90.0% ownership in Canada Bread Company, Limited; a producer of fresh and frozen par-baked bakery products including breads, rolls, bagels, and artisan goods. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company reached an agreement to sell its 90.0% ownership interest in Canada Bread, which was disposed of during the three months ended June 30, 2014. As a result, the Bakery Products Group has been classified as discontinued operations. Refer to Note 8 and Note 22 for further details on the disposal activity of the Bakery Products Group.
- (d) Non-allocated costs are comprised of expenses not separately identifiable to business segments and are not part of the measures used by the Company when assessing the segment's operating results. These costs include general expenses related to the bakery business, changes in fair value of biological assets, unrealized gains or losses on commodity contracts, and realized gains on commodity contracts that relate to delivery in future periods.

Non-allocated assets are comprised of corporate assets not separately identifiable to business segment groups. These include, but are not limited to, corporate property and equipment, software, investment properties, and tax balances.



	Notes	Three months ended March 31,	
		2015	2014
<b>Sales</b>			
Meat Products Group		\$ 776,409	\$ 705,399
Agribusiness Group		3,839	5,948
Bakery Products Group <sup>(i)</sup>		—	342,837
<b>Total sales</b>		<b>\$ 780,248</b>	<b>\$ 1,054,184</b>
Sales from discontinued operations	22	—	(342,837)
<b>Sales from continuing operations</b>		<b>\$ 780,248</b>	<b>\$ 711,347</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) before restructuring and other related costs and other income</b>			
Meat Products Group		\$ 7,878	\$ (27,447)
Agribusiness Group		2,532	(346)
Bakery Products Group <sup>(i)</sup>		—	26,872
Non-allocated costs		3,763	(6,932)
<b>Total earnings (loss) before restructuring and other related costs and other income</b>		<b>\$ 14,173</b>	<b>\$ (7,853)</b>
Earnings (loss) before restructuring and other related costs and other income from discontinued operations	22	—	(26,872)
<b>Earnings (loss) before restructuring and other related costs and other income from continuing operations</b>		<b>\$ 14,173</b>	<b>\$ (34,725)</b>
<b>Capital expenditures</b>			
Meat Products Group		\$ 23,873	\$ 67,814
Agribusiness Group		1,994	823
Bakery Products Group <sup>(i)</sup>		—	10,200
		<b>\$ 25,867</b>	<b>\$ 78,837</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization</b>			
Meat Products Group		\$ 25,189	\$ 19,981
Agribusiness Group		1,452	1,520
Non-allocated costs <sup>(ii)</sup>		5,125	—
Bakery Products Group <sup>(i)</sup>		—	5,142
		<b>\$ 31,766</b>	<b>\$ 26,643</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> The prior year results of Canada Bread were included in the comparative results of the Bakery Products Group.

<sup>(ii)</sup> Includes depreciation on assets used to service divested business.

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2014
<b>Total assets</b>			
Meat Products Group	\$ 1,863,932	\$ 1,953,203	\$ 1,965,280
Agribusiness Group	193,028	237,537	211,516
Bakery Products Group <sup>(i)</sup>	—	1,000,112	—
Non-allocated assets	771,888	761,973	699,694
	<b>\$ 2,828,848</b>	<b>\$ 3,952,825</b>	<b>\$ 2,876,490</b>
<b>Goodwill</b>			
Meat Products Group	\$ 428,236	\$ 428,236	\$ 428,236
	<b>\$ 428,236</b>	<b>\$ 428,236</b>	<b>\$ 428,236</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> The prior year results as at March 31, 2014 of the Bakery Products Group include assets and goodwill from the Canada Bread business.

#### Information About Geographic Areas

Property and equipment and investment property located outside of Canada was \$0.2 million at March 31, 2015. No goodwill was attributed to operations outside of Canada.

Property and equipment and investment property located outside of Canada was \$116.7 million at March 31, 2014, of which \$116.4 million was reclassified to assets held for sale. Of the total amount located outside of Canada, \$58.3 million was located in the U.K. and \$58.1 million was located in the U.S. Goodwill attributed to operations located outside of Canada was \$63.4 million, all of which was attributed to operations in the U.S. All goodwill attributed to operations located outside of Canada as of March 31, 2014, was reclassified to assets held for sale.

Revenues earned outside of Canada for the three months ended March 31, 2015, were \$158.3 million (2014: \$231.0 million), of which \$0.0 million (2014: \$89.6 million) has been reclassified to net earnings from discontinued operations. Of the total amount earned outside of Canada, \$76.2 million (2014: \$56.9 million) was earned in Japan, \$44.3 million (2014: \$108.3 million) was earned in the U.S., and \$0.0 million (2014: \$35.2 million) was earned in the U.K. Revenue by geographic area is determined based on the shipping location.

#### **Information About Major Customers**

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company reported sales to one customer representing 14.5% of total sales. These revenues were reported in the Meat Products Group. No other sales were made to any one customer that represented in excess of 10% of total sales.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company reported sales to two customer representing 10.6% and 10.4% of total sales before adjustments for discontinued operations. These revenues were reported in both the Meat Products Group and Bakery Products Group. The Company reported sales to one customer representing 13.1% of total sales from continuing operations. No other sales were made to any one customer that represented in excess of 10% of total sales.



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